Algorithms for Screening and Treating FSD

You do not need to be a sex therapist to screen for and treat female sexual dysfunction.

Frontline members of the health care team should be prepared to discuss sexual health, function, and well-being with patients. Use these two algorithms as evidence-based guidelines for addressing women’s sexual health concerns.

The algorithms were developed by Michael Krychman, MD, Susan Kellogg Spadt, PhD, CRNP, as part of the Sexual Health Fundamentals for Patient Care Initiative from the Association of Reproductive Health Professionals (ARHP).

Which algorithm should I use?

Use DESIRE 101 if:

✓ You are a clinician who is new to screening for and treating female sexual dysfunction
✓ You have limited time with your patient
✓ You are developing your comfort level with sexual health interventions

Use FSD Intermediate if:

✓ You have some experience screening for and treating female sexual dysfunction
✓ You are seeking an in-depth screening tool
✓ You have ample time with your patient
**DESIRE 101**
Krychman-Kellogg Algorithm, 2010

**DISCUSS**
- Discuss the sexual health concern and personal distress, and discern the context of the sexual complaint.

**EVALUATE**
- Evaluate for depression, and the overlapping nature of sexual complaints and the impact on the relationship.

**SCREENERS**
- Screeners like the DSDS which are quick to complete and validated can be easily incorporated into clinical practice.

**INTERVENTION**
- Simple interventions like lubricant use, stress reduction, or making sexual intimacy a priority in the relationship can be helpful.

**REFERRALS**
- Referral networks for complicated patients are available. Know the specialists in your community.

**EDUCATE**
- Education about sexual response, anatomy, and aging can be helpful and reassuring to the patient. Never miss an opportunity to educate the patient.
**FSD INTERMEDIATE**
Kellogg-Krychman Algorithm, 2010

**FIND**
- Find patient's sexual concern
- Identify: onset, duration, context
- Normalize the problem
- Discuss distress

**SEARCH**
- Screeners
- Evaluate overlapping FSDs
- Assess anxiety, depression, fatigue
- Relationship issues/partner’s sexual function
- Consider culture, religion, environment
- Health issues (medical illness, medications)

**DISCUSS**
- Differential diagnosis
- Information about treatment(s)
- Social/lifestyle changes (diet, exercise, substances)
- Communication techniques
- Useful resources (books, Web, etc.)
- Specific suggestions
- Specialist referral

www.SexualHealthFundamentals.org